### **PATENT COOPERATION TREATY**

## **PCT**

### INTERNATIONAL PRELIMINARY REPORT ON PATENTABILITY

(Chapter II of the Patent Cooperation Treaty)

(PCT Article 36 and Rule 70)

Applicant's or agent's file reference H/2BN67/AK/4			FOR FURTHER AC	TION	See Form PCT/IPEA/416		
International application No. PCT/NL2005/000060			International filing date (c 27.01.2005		Priority date (day/month/year) 27.01.2004		
International Patent Classification (IPC) or national classification and IPC G01N21/90							
Applicant HEINEKEN TECHNICAL SERVICES B.V. et al.							
1. This	This report is the international preliminary examination report, established by this International Preliminary Examining Authority under Article 35 and transmitted to the applicant according to Article 36.						
2. This	REPORT co	nsists of a total c	of 7 sheets, including th	is cover sheet.	1		
3. This	This report is also accompanied by ANNEXES, comprising:						
a. ⊠	sent to the	e applicant and to	o the International Burea	u) a total of 5 sheets,	as follows:		
	sheets of the description, claims and/or drawings which have been amended and are the basis of this report and/or sheets containing rectifications authorized by this Authority (see Rule 70.16 and Section 607 of the Administrative Instructions).						
	beyor	s which supersec nd the disclosure lemental Box.	de earlier sheets, but whe in the international appl	ich this Authority considication as filed, as indic	ders contain an amendment that goes ated in item 4 of Box No. I and the		
ь. С	sequence	listing and/or tab	Bureau only) a total of (in bles related thereto, in co Listing (see Section 802	emputer readable form of	r of electronic carrier(s)) , containing a only, as indicated in the Supplemental nstructions).		
4. This	This report contains indications relating to the following items:						
⊠ı	Box No. I	Basis of the opin	nion				
	Box No. II	Priority					
<u> </u>	Box No. III	Non-establishm	ent of opinion with regar	rd to novelty, inventive s	step and industrial applicability		
	Box No. IV	Lack of unity of	invention				
_	Box No. V		ment under Article 35(2 ations and explanations		inventive step or industrial ent		
_	Box No. VI	Certain docume					
	Box No. VII		in the international appl				
L L	Box No. VIII	Certain observa	ations on the Internationa	al application			
Date of submission of the demand				Date of completion of this	report		
21.07.2005				16.12.2005			
Name and mailing address of the international preliminary examining authority:				Authorized Officer	, me Printer		
European Patent Office - P.B. 5818 Patentlaan 2 NL-2280 HV Rijswijk - Pays Bas Tel. +31 70 340 - 2040 Tx: 31 651 epo nl Fax: +31 70 340 - 3016				Verdoodt, E Telephone No. +31 70 34	40-3577		

## INTERNATIONAL PRELIMINARY REPORT ON PATENTABILITY

International application No. PCT/NL2005/000060

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_	Box No. I Basis of the report				
1.	With regard to the language, this report is based on the international application in the language in which it was iled, unless otherwise indicated under this item.				
	which is the language of a t  ☑ international search (und ☐ publication of the interna	slations from the original language into the following language English, ranslation furnished for the purposes of:  der Rules 12.3 and 23.1(b))  tional application (under Rule 12.4)  examination (under Rules 55.2 and/or 55.3)			
2.	Nith regard to the <b>elements*</b> of the international application, this report is based on <i>(replacement sheets which</i> have been furnished to the receiving Office in response to an invitation under Article 14 are referred to in this report as "originally filed" and are not annexed to this report):				
	Description, Pages				
	1-19	as originally filed			
	Claims, Numbers				
	1-20	received on 21.07.2005 with letter of 21.07.2005			
	Drawings, Sheets				
	1.5-5.5	as originally filed			
	☐ a sequence listing and/or ar	ny related table(s) - see Supplemental Box Relating to Sequence Listing			
3.	The amendments have resulted in the cancellation of:  ☐ the description, pages ☐ the claims, Nos. 21-23 ☐ the drawings, sheets/figs ☐ the sequence listing (specify): ☐ any table(s) related to sequence listing (specify):				
4.	☐ This report has been estable had not been made, since they Supplemental Box (Rule 70.2(c) ☐ the description, pages ☐ the claims, Nos. ☐ the drawings, sheets/figs ☐ the sequence listing (sp. ☐ any table(s) related to se	s ecify):			
	* If item 4 applies, so	ome or all of these sheets may be marked "superceded "			

Box No. V Reasoned statement under Article 35(2) with regard to novelty, inventive step or industrial applicability; citations and explanations supporting such statement

1. Statement

Novelty (N)

Yes: Claims Claims

No:

1-18 19,20

Inventive step (IS)

Yes: Claims

1-18

No: Claims

19,20

Industrial applicability (IA)

Yes: Claims

1-20

No: Claims

2. Citations and explanations (Rule 70.7):

see separate sheet

### 10/587165

## :AP20Rec'd PCTIETO 28 JUL 2106

INTERNATIONAL PRELIMINARY REPORT ON PATENTABILITY (SEPARATE SHEET)

International application No.

PCT/NL2005/000060

#### Re Item V

- Reference is made to the following documents:
  - D1: EP-A-0 872 724 (LOGICS & CONTROL S N C DI LOTT) 21 October 1998
  - D2: EP-A-1 241 467 (HITACHI ENGINEERING CO., LTD) 18 September 2002
  - D3: WO 03/042673 A (AKKERMAN JENSEN PETER; ENDTZ FREDERIK NICO (NL); HEINEKEN TECH SERVIC) 22 May 2003
  - D4: WO 97/04887 A (COORS BREWING CO) 13 February 1997
  - D5: US-A-6 067 155 (RINGLIEN JAMES A) 23 May 2000

#### **CLAIMS 1 AND 5 (ART. 6 PCT)**

- 2.1 The application does not meet the requirements of Article 6 PCT, because independent claims 1 and 5 are not clear.
- 2.2 Claim 1 is not supported by the description as required by Article 6 PCT, as its scope is broader than justified by the description and drawings. The reasons therefor are the following:
  - According to the description, the recording made by the second recording means is used to determine the orientation of the container.
  - However, it is not clear from claim 1 that the orientation of the container is performed using the recording made by this second recording means. Therefore, any other way than described in the description for determining the orientation is possible, e.g optically by using the first recording means or even mechanically using some kind of a reference marking on the bottle.
  - Further it is not clear from claim 1 what is meant by the "making use of radiation comprising at least a second wavelength", as it is not clear how or if this radiation interacts with the container. This may even indicate some other kind of measurement involving x-ray or fluorescence analysis and not the use of visible light to allow the recording of an image using the second recording means as shown in the description.
- 2.3 Claim 5 is also not supported by the description as required by Article 6 PCT, as there are two means, an orientation determining means (line 17) and a second recording means (line 24) which are both used for determining the orientation of the container relative to the first recording means. According to the description (Page 11, lines 2-9), there is only one means, the processing unit (34), which serves to determine the orientation of the bottle on the basis of the second recording.

Obviously this processing unit (34) corresponds to the orientation determining means (in line 17) of claim 5.

# Reasoned statement with regard to novelty, inventive step or industrial applicability; citations and explanations supporting such statement

#### CLAIM 1

- 3.1 The document D1 is regarded as being the closest prior art to the subject-matter of claim 1, and shows (the references in parentheses applying to this document): Method for detecting the possible presence of contamination of a container (Column 1, lines 8-12) with a decorative exterior (Column 6, lines 22-28), for liquids such as a drink such as beer, comprising steps for:
  - irradiating the container with radiation with at least a first wavelength by means of irradiating means (Column 4, lines 37-42),
  - determining the orientation of the container relative to first recording means (Column 6, lines 40-43),
  - recording by means of recording means a radiation sample of the radiation (Column 4, lines 27-29),
  - determining the possible presence of contamination by comparing the sample to a predetermined reference matching the orientation of the container relative to the recording means (Column 6, lines 38-39),
  - approving or rejecting the container (Column 6, lines 30-34).
- 3.2 The subject-matter of claim 1 therefore differs from this known D1 in that: the radiation has passed through at least a part of the container and use is made of radiation comprising at least a second wavelength and a recording is made by means of second recording means with a sensitivity to the second wavelength.
- 3.3 As it is not clear how or if the radiation, comprising at least a second wavelength, interacts with the container and of what a recording is made by means of second recording means (See also above, pgh 2.2), these steps are considered not to limit the subject-matter of claim 1.
- 3.4 The problem to be solved by the present invention may therefore be regarded as how

- to detect contamination at the inner side of the container.
- 3.5 The solution proposed in claim 1 of the present application cannot be considered as involving an inventive step (Article 33(3) PCT) for the following reasons:
  Document D2 (EP1241467) also uses radiation (2) which has passed through the container to be inspected, to detect the presence of contamination at the inner side of the container.
- 3.6 The skilled person would therefore regard it as a normal option to include this feature in the method described in document D1 in order to solve the problem posed.

#### CLAIM 5

- 4.1 Document D1 (EP0872724) is regarded as being the closest prior art to the subject-matter of claim 1, and shows (the references in parentheses applying to this document):
- 4.2 Device *suitable* for detecting the possible presence of contamination of a container (Column 1, lines 8-12) with a decorative exterior (Column 6, lines 22-28), for liquids such as a drink such as beer or a soft drink, comprising;
  - first irradiating means (14) for irradiating the container with at least a first wavelength,
  - recording means (13) for recording a radiation sample of radiation during interaction of the radiation with at least a part of the container,
  - orientation determining means (PLC) for determining the orientation of the container relative to the recording means (Column 6, lines 40-43)
  - comparing means (PLC) for comparing the sample to a predetermined reference, matching the orientation of the container relative to the first recording means during the recording (Column 6, lines 41-43).
- 4.3 The subject-matter of claim 5 therefore differs from this known D1 in that: second irradiating means for emitting radiation of at least a second wavelength are provided, as well as second recording means.
- 4.4 As orientation determining means are already mentioned in the claim (See also above, pgh. 2.3), the second recording means are not considered to be suitable for performing this function.
- 4.5 The problem to be solved by the present invention may therefore be regarded as how to detect contamination at the inner side of the container.

- 4.6 The solution proposed in claim 5 of the present application cannot be considered as involving an inventive step (Article 33(3) PCT) for the following reasons:
  Document D2 (EP1241467) also uses second irradiating means (2) for emitting radiation of a second wavelength and second recording means (5), to detect the presence of contamination at the inner side of the container.
- 4.7 The skilled person would therefore regard it as a normal option to include this feature in the method described in document D1 in order to solve the problem posed.

#### 5 DEPENDENT CLAIMS 2-4 and 6-18

5.1 Dependent claims 2-4 and 6-18 do not contain any features which, in combination with the features of any claim to which they refer, meet the requirements of the PCT in respect of novelty and/or inventive step (Article 33(2) and (3) PCT), see documents D1-D5 and the corresponding passages cited in the search report.

#### 6 **CLAIM 19**

- 6.1 **Independent device claim 19:** As the recording means described in D1 is suitable for recording radiation *after it has passed through a wall part of the container*, claim 19 is considered to be not new.
- 6.2 Claim 20 is not clear (Art. 6 PCT) as it is not clear how the device as claimed in claim 19 can comprise measures according to any of the method claims 2-16.

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